

# فرمول های مشتق گیری

PowerEn.ir

در تمام فرمول های زیر  $w, r, u$  بر حسب  $x$  فرض شده اند.

| تابع                    | مشتق                                  | مثال                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $y = a$                 | $y' = 0$                              | $y = 3 \Rightarrow y' = 0$                                                                                        |
| $y = ax$                | $y' = a$                              | $y = 7x \Rightarrow y' = 7$                                                                                       |
| $y = ax^n$              | $y' = a.nx^{n-1}$                     | $y = 2x^3 \Rightarrow y' = 2 \times 3 \times x^2$                                                                 |
| $y = u \pm v \pm \dots$ | $y' = u' \pm v' \pm \dots$            | $y = 3x^2 - 5x + 7 \Rightarrow y' = 6x - 5$                                                                       |
| $y = u.v$               | $y' = u'.v + v'.u$                    | $y = (3x^4)(\sin x) \Rightarrow y' = (12x^3)\sin x + (\cos x).3x^4$                                               |
| $y = au$                | $y' = au'$                            | $y = 5\cos \Rightarrow y' = -5\sin x$                                                                             |
| $y = \frac{u}{v}$       | $y' = \frac{u'.v - v'.u}{v^2}$        | $y = \frac{3x^2}{\tan x} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{6x(\tan x) - (1 + \tan^2 x)3x^2}{\tan^2 x}$                       |
| $y = \frac{u}{a}$       | $y' = \frac{u'}{a}$                   | $y = \frac{\cot x}{5} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-(1 + \cot^2 x)}{5}$                                                 |
| $y = \frac{a}{u}$       | $y' = \frac{-au'}{u^2}$               | $y = \frac{3}{x^5} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-3(5x^4)}{x^{10}} = \frac{-15}{x^6}$                                    |
| $y = \frac{au+b}{cu+d}$ | $y' = \frac{ad-bc}{(cu+d)^2}u'$       | $y = \frac{3x+5}{2x-7} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{21-10}{(2x-7)^2} = \frac{-31}{(2x-7)^2}$                            |
| $y = au^m$              | $y' = m.a.u' u^{m-1}$                 | $y = 5(\sin^2 x) \Rightarrow y' = 4 \times 5 \times \cos x \times \sin^3 x$                                       |
| $y = \sqrt{u}$          | $y' = \frac{u'}{2\sqrt{u}}$           | $y = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$                                                               |
| $y = \sqrt[m]{n^n}$     | $y' = \frac{nu'}{m\sqrt[m]{u^{m-n}}}$ | $y = \sqrt[5]{x^3} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{3}{5\sqrt[5]{x^2}}$                                                     |
| $y =  u $               | $y' = \frac{u'.u}{ u }$               | $y =  x^2 + x  \Rightarrow y' = \frac{(2x+1)(x^2+x)}{ x^2+x }$                                                    |
| $y = a \sin u$          | $y' = au' \cos u$                     | $y = -3\sin(2x^3 + 5) \Rightarrow y' = (-3)(6x^2)\cos(2y^3 + 5) = -18x^2 \cos(2x^3 + 5)$                          |
| $y = a \cos u$          | $y' = -au' \sin u$                    | $y = 3\cos(\sqrt{x}) \Rightarrow y' = -(3)\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right).\sin \sqrt{x}$                         |
| $y = a \tan u$          | $y' = au'(1 + \tan^2 u)$              | $y = 3 \tan(\cos) \Rightarrow y' = 3(-\sin x)(1 + \tan^2(\cos x))$                                                |
| $y = a \cot u$          | $y' = -au'(1 + \cot^2 u)$             | $y = 5 \cot x \Rightarrow y' = -5(1 + \cot^2 x)$                                                                  |
| $y = a \sin^m u$        | $y' = mau' \cos u \sin^{m-1} u$       | $y = 2 \sin^3(x^5) \Rightarrow y' = (2 \times 3)(5x^4)(\cos(x^5))\sin^2(x^5)$                                     |
| $y = a \cos^m u$        | $y' = -mau' \sin u \cos^{m-1} u$      | $y = 5 \cos^4(\sqrt{x}) \Rightarrow y' = -(4)(5)\left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right)(\sin \sqrt{x})(\cos^3 \sqrt{x})$ |

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| ردیف | تابع                    | مشتق                                  | مثال                         |                                                                                    |
|------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ۱    | $y = c$                 | $y' = 0$                              | $y = 5$                      | $y' = 0$                                                                           |
| ۲    | $y = ax$                | $y' = a$                              | $y = 2x$                     | $y' = 2$                                                                           |
| ۳    | $y = ax + b$            | $y' = a$                              | $y = 3x + 1$                 | $y' = 3$                                                                           |
| ۴    | $y = au$                | $y' = au'$                            | $y = 3(2x + 4)$              | $y' = 3(2) = 6$                                                                    |
| ۵    | $y = x^n$               | $y' = nx^{n-1}$                       | $y = x^3$                    | $y' = 3x^2$                                                                        |
| ۶    | $y = ax^n$              | $y' = anx^{n-1}$                      | $y = 2x^3$                   | $y' = 2(3)(x^2) = 6x^2$                                                            |
| ۷    | $y = u^n$               | $y' = nu'u^{n-1}$                     | $y = (2x^2)^4$               | $y' = 4(2x^2)(2x^2)^3 = 128x^{11}$                                                 |
| ۸    | $y = au^n$              | $y' = anu'u^{n-1}$                    | $y = 5(2x + 1)^3$            | $y' = 5(3)(2)(2x + 1)^2 = 30(2x + 1)^2$                                            |
| ۹    | $y = u + v$             | $y' = u' + v'$                        | $y = 5x^2 + 3x$              | $y' = 10x + 3$                                                                     |
| ۱۰   | $y = u + v + h + \dots$ | $y' = u' + v' + h' + \dots$           | $y = 5x^2 + 3x + 4$          | $y' = 10x + 3$                                                                     |
| ۱۱   | $y = u \cdot v$         | $y' = u' \cdot v + u \cdot v'$        | $y = (x^2 + 1)(2x^2 + 3x)$   | $y' = (2x)(2x^2 + 3x) + (x^2 + 1)(4x + 3) = 10x^3 + 15x^2 + 3x + 3$                |
| ۱۲   | $y = \frac{u}{v}$       | $y' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2}$          | $y = \frac{3x}{5x-1}$        | $y' = \frac{3(5x-1) - 5(3x)}{(5x-1)^2} = \frac{-3}{(5x-1)^2}$                      |
| ۱۳   | $y = u(v(x))$           | $y' = v'(x) \cdot u'(v(x))$           | $y = (3 + 2x^2)^4$           | $y' = (4x)(4)(3 + 2x^2)^3 = 16x(3 + 2x^2)^3$                                       |
| ۱۴   | $y =  u $               | $y' = \frac{u'u}{ u }$                | $y =  16x $                  | $y' = \frac{16(16x)}{ 16x }$                                                       |
| ۱۵   | $y = \sqrt{x}$          | $y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$            | $y = \sqrt{x}$               | $y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$                                                         |
| ۱۶   | $y = \sqrt{u}$          | $y' = \frac{u'}{2\sqrt{u}}$           | $y = \sqrt{2x^2 + 1}$        | $y' = \frac{4x}{2\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}} = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}}$                    |
| ۱۷   | $y = \sqrt[n]{u}$       | $y' = \frac{u'}{n\sqrt[n]{u^{n-1}}}$  | $y = \sqrt[4]{(2x^2 + 5)^2}$ | $y' = \frac{12x^2}{4\sqrt[4]{(2x^2 + 5)^2}} = \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt[4]{(2x^2 + 5)^2}}$ |
| ۱۸   | $y = \sqrt[n]{u^m}$     | $y' = \frac{mu'}{n\sqrt[n]{u^{n-m}}}$ | $y = \sqrt[5]{(2x + 3)^2}$   | $y' = \frac{2(2)}{5\sqrt[5]{(2x+3)^3}}$                                            |
| ۱۹   | $y = a^x$               | $y' = a^x \ln a$                      | $y = 3^x$                    | $y' = 3^x \ln 3$                                                                   |
| ۲۰   | $y = a^u$               | $y' = u' a^u \ln a$                   | $y = v^{5x-9}$               | $y' = 5(v^{5x-9}) \ln v$                                                           |
| ۲۱   | $y = e^x$               | $y' = e^x$                            | $y = e^x$                    | $y' = e^x$                                                                         |
| ۲۲   | $y = e^u$               | $y' = u' e^u$                         | $y = e^{10x-8}$              | $y' = 10e^{10x-8}$                                                                 |
| ۲۳   | $y = \log_a x$          | $y' = \frac{1}{x \ln a}$              | $y = \log_8 x$               | $y' = \frac{1}{x \ln 8}$                                                           |
| ۲۴   | $y = \log_a u$          | $y' = \frac{u'}{u \ln a}$             | $y = \log_a (2x^2 + 1)$      | $y' = \frac{4x^2}{(2x^2 + 1) \ln a}$                                               |
| ۲۵   | $y = \ln x $            | $y' = \frac{1}{x}$                    | $y = \ln x $                 | $y' = \frac{1}{x}$                                                                 |
| ۲۶   | $y = \ln u$             | $y' = \frac{u'}{u}$                   | $y = \ln \sqrt{x}$           | $y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2x}$                                          |
| ۲۷   | $y = \sin(ax)$          | $y' = a \cos(ax)$                     | $y = \sin(9x)$               | $y' = 9 \cos(9x)$                                                                  |
| ۲۸   | $y = \sin(u)$           | $y' = u' \cos(u)$                     | $y = \sin((3x + 1)^2)$       | $y' = 6(3x + 1) \cos(3x + 1)^2$                                                    |

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| ردیف | تابع                    | مشتق                                    | مثال                                | مثال                                             |
|------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| ۲۹   | $y = \sin^n u$          | $y' = nu' \cos(u) \sin(u)^{n-1}$        | $y = \sin^5 3x$                     | $y' = 5(3) \cos 3x \sin^4 3x$                    |
| ۳۰   | $y = \cos(ax)$          | $y' = -a \sin(ax)$                      | $y = \cos^9 x$                      | $y' = -9 \sin^8 x$                               |
| ۳۱   | $y = \cos(u)$           | $y' = -u' \sin(u)$                      | $y = \cos(x^2 - 3)$                 | $y' = -2x \sin(x^2 - 3)$                         |
| ۳۲   | $y = \cos^n u$          | $y' = -nu' \sin(u) (\cos(u))^{n-1}$     | $y = \cos^3 \Delta x$               | $y' = -3 \sin \Delta x (\cos \Delta x)^2$        |
| ۳۳   | $y = \tan(ax)$          | $y' = a(1 + \tan^2 ax)$                 | $y = \tan^2 x$                      | $y' = 2(1 + \tan^2 x)$                           |
| ۳۴   | $y = \tan(u)$           | $y' = u'(1 + \tan^2 u)$                 | $y = \tan(3x + 4)$                  | $y' = 3(1 + \tan^2(3x + 4))$                     |
| ۳۵   | $y = \tan^n u$          | $y' = nu'(1 + \tan^2 u)(\tan u)^{n-1}$  | $y = \tan^2 2x$                     | $y' = 2(2)(1 + \tan^2 2x)(\tan 2x)$              |
| ۳۶   | $y = \cot(ax)$          | $y' = -a(1 + \cot^2 ax)$                | $y = \cot \Delta x$                 | $y' = -\Delta(1 + \cot^2 \Delta x)$              |
| ۳۷   | $y = \cot(u)$           | $y' = -u'(1 + \cot^2 u)$                | $y = \cot(x^2 - 1)$                 | $y' = -2x^2(1 + \cot^2(x^2 - 1))$                |
| ۳۸   | $y = \cot^n u$          | $y' = -nu'(1 + \cot^2 u)(\cot u)^{n-1}$ | $y = \cot^2(x^2)$                   | $y' = -1^2 x(1 + \cot^2(x^2)) \cot^2(x^2)$       |
| ۳۹   | $y = \sec(u)$           | $y' = u' \sec u \tan u$                 | $y = \sec(2x^2 + 1)$                | $y' = 4x^2 \sec(2x^2 + 1) \tan(2x^2 + 1)$        |
| ۴۰   | $y = \csc(u)$           | $y' = -u' \csc u \tan u$                | $y = \csc(x^2)$                     | $y' = 2x \csc(x^2) \tan(x^2)$                    |
| ۴۱   | $y = \arcsin(u)$        | $y' = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$          | $y = \arcsin(x^2 - 2)$              | $y' = \frac{2x^2}{\sqrt{1-(x^2-2)^2}}$           |
| ۴۲   | $y = \arccos(u)$        | $y' = \frac{-u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$         | $y = -\arccos(x^2)$                 | $y' = \frac{-2x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$                  |
| ۴۳   | $y = \arctan(u)$        | $y' = \frac{u'}{1+u^2}$                 | $y = \arctan(\sin x)$               | $y' = \frac{\cos x}{1+\sin^2 x}$                 |
| ۴۴   | $y = \text{arc cot}(u)$ | $y' = \frac{-u'}{1+u^2}$                | $y = \text{arc cot}(e^x)$           | $y' = \frac{-e^x}{1+e^{2x}}$                     |
| ۴۵   | $y = \text{arc sec}(u)$ | $y' = \frac{u'}{ u \sqrt{1-u^2}}$       | $y = \text{arc sec } e^x$           | $y' = \frac{e^x}{ e^x \sqrt{1-e^{2x}}}$          |
| ۴۶   | $y = \text{arc csc}(u)$ | $y' = \frac{-u'}{ u \sqrt{1-u^2}}$      | $y = \text{arc csc } x^2$           | $y' = \frac{-2x}{ x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}}$             |
| ۴۷   | $y = \sinh(x)$          | $y' = u' \cosh(u)$                      | $y = \sinh(\Delta x^2 + 3x)$        | $y' = (2\Delta x + 3) \cosh(\Delta x^2 + 3x)$    |
| ۴۸   | $y = \cosh(x)$          | $y' = u' \sinh(u)$                      | $y = \cosh(\Delta x)$               | $y' = \Delta \sinh(\Delta x)$                    |
| ۴۹   | $y = \tanh(x)$          | $y' = u' \text{sech}^2(u)$              | $y = \tanh(\cos^9 x)$               | $y' = (-9 \sin^8 x) \text{sech}^2(\cos^9 x)$     |
| ۵۰   | $y = \coth(x)$          | $y' = u' \text{csch}^2(u)$              | $y = \coth(x^2)$                    | $y' = 2x \text{csch}^2(x^2)$                     |
| ۵۱   | $y = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$ | $y' = \frac{ad-bc}{(cx+d)^2}$           | $y = \frac{3x+1}{2x-3}$             | $y' = \frac{-11}{(2x-3)^2}$                      |
| ۵۲   | $y = \frac{au+b}{cu+d}$ | $y' = \frac{ad-bc}{(cu+d)^2} \times u'$ | $y = \frac{2\sin(x)+1}{2\sin(x)-3}$ | $y' = \frac{-11}{(2\sin(x)-3)^2} \times \cos(x)$ |



|                         |                                                                                     |                                                                                       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $y = a \tan^m u$        | $y' = mau'(1 + \tan^2 u) \tan^{m-1} u$                                              | $y = 7 \tan^5 x \Rightarrow y' = 7 \times 5(1 + \tan^2 x) \tan^4 x$                   |
| $y = a \cot^m u$        | $y' = -mau'(1 + \cot^2 u) \cot^{m-1} u$                                             | $y = 2 \cot^3 x \Rightarrow y' = -(3)(2)(1 + \cot^2 x) \cot^2 u$                      |
| $y = a \sec u$          | $y' = au' \cdot \sin u \cdot \sec^2 u$                                              | $y = \sec x \Rightarrow y' = \sin \cdot \sec^2 u$                                     |
| $y = a \csc u$          | $y' = -au' \cos u \csc^2 u$                                                         | $y = \csc(5x) \Rightarrow y' = -5 \cos(5x) \csc^2(5x)$                                |
| $y = \text{Arcsin}$     | $y' = \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$                                                      | $y = \text{Arcsin}(3x) \Rightarrow y' = \frac{3}{\sqrt{1-9x^2}}$                      |
| $y = \text{Arc cos } u$ | $y' = \frac{-u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}$                                                     | $y = \text{Arc cos}(3x^2 - 5x) \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-(6x-5)}{\sqrt{1-(3x^2-5x)^2}}$ |
| $y = \text{Arc tan } u$ | $y' = \frac{u'}{1+u^2}$                                                             | $y = \text{Arc tan } x \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$                              |
| $y = \text{Arc cot } u$ | $y' = \frac{-u'}{1+u^2}$                                                            | $y = \text{Arc cot}(\sin x) \Rightarrow y' = \frac{-\cos x}{1+\sin^2 x}$              |
| $y = a^n$               | $y' = u'a^n \text{ Lna}$                                                            |                                                                                       |
| $y = \sqrt{x}$          | $y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$                                                          | $y = \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$                                   |
| $y = \text{Lnu}$        | $y' = \frac{u'}{u}$                                                                 | $\text{Lne} = 1 \checkmark$                                                           |
| $y = \sin x$            | $y' = \cos x$                                                                       |                                                                                       |
| $y = \cos x$            | $y' = -\sin x$                                                                      |                                                                                       |
| $y = \tan x$            | $y' = 1 + \tan^2 x$                                                                 |                                                                                       |
| $y = \cot x$            | $y' = -(1 + \cot^2 x)$                                                              |                                                                                       |
| $y = [u]$               | $y' = \begin{cases} 0 & u \notin \mathbb{Z} \\ \phi & u \in \mathbb{Z} \end{cases}$ |                                                                                       |

$$y = [u] \Rightarrow y' = 0$$

$$y = \left[ \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} \right] \frac{\sin \frac{3\pi}{2} = -1 \in \mathbb{Z}}{\quad} \rightarrow y' = 0$$

$$y = \left[ \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right] \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}}{\quad} \rightarrow y' = 0$$

$$y = [\sin \pi] \frac{\sin \pi = 0 \in \mathbb{Z}}{\quad} \rightarrow y' = \phi$$

تذکر: در نقطه ای که  $u \in \mathbb{Z}$  و تابع  $u$  در آن نقطه مینیمم نسبی داشته باشد آنگاه:

