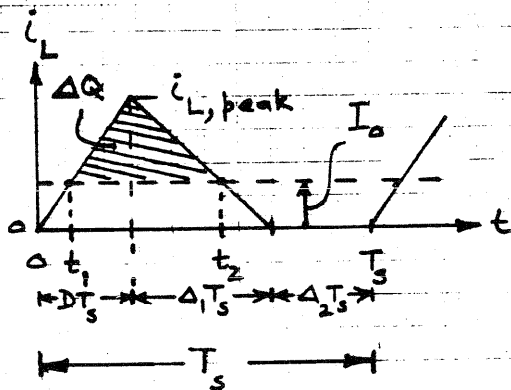


# Problem 7-4

Derive an expression for  $\Delta V_o$  in the discontinuous mode.



Solution:  $\frac{di}{dt} = \frac{V}{L}$  ;  $[\frac{V_d - V_o}{L}]t_1 = I_o$ ;  $t_1 = \frac{LI_o}{V_d - V_o}$  where  $t_1$  is defined in the figure

$$i_{L,peak} = \frac{DT_s}{L} [V_d - V_o]$$

$$t_2 = DT_s + \frac{L(i_{L,peak} - I_o)}{V_o}; \quad t_2 - t_1 = \frac{-LI_o}{V_d - V_o} + DT_s + \frac{L(i_{L,peak} - I_o)}{V_o}$$

$$t_2 - t_1 = \frac{DT_s(V_d - V_o)V_o - LI_oV_o + L(V_d - V_o)[\frac{DT_s}{L}(V_d - V_o) - I_o]}{V_o(V_d - V_o)}$$

$$\Delta V_o = \frac{\Delta Q}{C} = \frac{1}{C} \cdot \frac{1}{2} (i_{L,peak} - I_o)(t_2 - t_1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2C} \left[ \frac{DT_s}{L} (V_d - V_o) - I_o \right] (t_2 - t_1)$$

$$\therefore \Delta V_o = \frac{[DT_s(V_d - V_o) - LI_o][DT_s(V_d - V_o)V_o - LI_oV_o + (V_d - V_o)(DT_s(V_d - V_o) - LI_o)]}{2LC V_o(V_d - V_o)}$$